Inspiring Children to Shine



Safety, Health and Environment (SHE)

GCC COVID-19 RISK ASSESSMENT PROCESS FOR SCHOOLS (FROM STEP 4)

This is an update of the GCC COVID-19 Risk Assessment to support schools and educational settings from Step 4 of the Government Roadmap from 16th August 2021*. The aim of the risk assessment is to implement protective measures in the government's operational guidance to protect your staff, pupils and community.



COVID-19 Risk Assessment for Schools & Educational Settings

Risk Assessment for <u>Hardwicke Parochial Primary School</u>							
Hazards	Who is at risk?	What are you already doing?	Is enough to manage the risks?	What further action is necessary?	Action by whom?	Action by when?	Done
Person showing symptoms or positive test result	Employees Pupils Young People Families Contractors Visitors Members of the public	 Refer to GCC COVID Response Checklist and public health advice on testing, self-isolation and managing confirmed cases of COVID-19. Regular communications that persons are not to come into school if they have symptoms, have had a positive test result or other reasons requiring them to stay at home due to the risk of them passing on COVID-19 (e.g. they are required to quarantine). If anyone in your school develops COVID-19 symptoms they will be sent home. An unwell child awaiting collection will be isolated in a suitable room with adult supervision Staff caring for a child awaiting collection to keep a distance of 2 metres. PPE to be worn by staff caring for the child, including: a face mask worn if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained. if contact is necessary, then gloves, an apron and a face mask should be worn eye protection where there is a risk of fluids entering the eye, for example, from coughing, spitting or vomiting. Staff to wash their hands after caring for a child with symptoms. All areas where a person with symptoms has been to be cleaned after they have left. 	Y Y Y Y Y Y	Increase the use of home testing by staff (primaries) Consult with the local PHE team to discuss what support schools need to do this. Consider reintroducing face coverings and bubbles temporarily Attendance restriction will only be recommended	All Staff	When required When required	

	 Follow threshold guidance in school outbreak management plan for reporting and managing an outbreak. School has sufficient supplies of PPE, face coverings, cleaning materials and hand washing/sanitising liquids. Update staff, pupils, stakeholders and visitors on changes in practice – covid safe measures. If a parent/carer insists on a pupil attending your school with symptoms, Headteacher may refuse the pupil if, in their reasonable judgement, it is necessary to protect other pupils and staff from possible infection with COVID-19 	Y Y	by the government as a last resort.	нт нт	When required When required	2/9/21
Poor Personal Hygiene Employees Pupils Young People Families Contractors Visitors Members of the public	 COVID-19 posters/ signage displayed. Frequent and thorough hand cleaning is regular practice. Pupils and staff to clean their hands when they arrive at school, when they return from breaks, when they change rooms and before and after eating. Sufficient handwashing facilities are available. Where there is no sink, hand sanitiser provided in classrooms. Skin friendly skin cleaning wipes used as an alternative to hand washing or sanitiser. Staff help is available for pupils who have trouble cleaning their hands independently (e.g. small children and pupils with complex needs). Use resources such as "e-bug" to teach effective hand hygiene etc. Adults and pupils are encouraged not to touch their mouth, eyes and nose. Adults and pupils encouraged to use a tissue to cough or sneeze and use bins for tissue waste ('catch it, bin it, kill it'). Tissues to be provided. Bins for tissues provided and are emptied throughout the day. 	Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	Put in place monitoring and supervision to make sure people are following any controls you have in place, including enhanced cleaning.	SLT	Daily & when required	

Spreading coronavirus from contact with surfaces, equipment and workstations	Employees Pupils Young People Families Contractors Visitors Members of the public	 Reduced clutter and removing difficult to clean items to make cleaning easier. Cleaning using standard cleaning products such as detergents and bleach, paying attention to all surfaces but especially ones that are touched frequently, such as door handles, light switches, work surfaces, remote controls and electronic devices. Surfaces that are frequently touched and by many people in common areas to be cleaned twice a day. Avoid sharing work equipment by allocating it on a personal basis or put cleaning regimes in place to clean between each user. Identify where you can reduce people touching surfaces, for example by leaving doors open (except fire doors), or providing contactless payment. Keep surfaces clear to make it easier to clean and reduce the likelihood of contaminating objects. Provide more bins and empty them more often. Toilets and communal areas to be cleaned regularly. Sanitising spray and paper towels to be provided in classrooms for use by members of staff. Thorough cleaning of rooms at the end of the day. 	Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	Put in place monitoring and supervision to make sure people are following controls, for example by implementing cleaning regimes. Provide information telling people who should clean something and when. Provide instruction and training to people who need to clean.	All staff SLT	INSET INSET	2/9/21
				Include information on the products they need to use, precautions they need to follow and the areas they need to clean	JE	INSET	2/9/21
Poorly ventilated spaces	Employees Pupils Young People	Carbon dioxide monitors used to quickly identify where ventilation needs to be improved.	When they arrive	Identify any poorly ventilated spaces take	SLT	INSET	1/9/21

leading to	Families	•	Heating used as necessary to ensure comfort levels are	Υ	steps to improve			
risks of	Contractors		maintained when the building is occupied.	·	fresh air flow in			
coronavirus	Visitors	•	Keep windows open wide enough to provide some	Υ	these areas.			
spreading	Members of the public		natural background ventilation and open internal doors to increase air flow.	Υ				
		•	Open windows fully when rooms are unoccupied for longer periods to purge the air (e.g. lunch times and before and after school).	Y				
		•	Action taken to prevent occupants being exposed to draughts. For example, partially open high-level windows as oppose to low-level windows, close external doors and arrange the furniture if appropriate					
			and possible.	Y				
		•	Use fans for good air circulation.					
		•	Occupants encouraged to wear additional, suitable indoor clothing. (If they have to wear coats, scarves					
			and other outdoor clothing the room would be	N/				
			considered too cold and the above steps must be	Y				
		•	considered). Ensure staff meetings and insets are in rooms with					
			suitable and sufficient ventilation.					
Increased	Employees	•	Identify who in the work force could be clinically	Y	Guidance on	SLT	WC	
risk of infection and	Pupils Young People		extremely vulnerable and refer to government guidance		who is clinically extremely		6.9.21	
complications	Families		and HSE and PHE guidance on protecting vulnerable workers during the pandemic on how to support		vulnerable and			
for workers	Contractors		workers in higher-risk groups and those who are		what further			
who are	Visitors		clinically extremely vulnerable.		support may be	WD	WC	
clinically	Members of	•	Carry out a risk assessment of pregnant workers to	Y	available from Public Health	WD	6.9.21 When	
extremely vulnerable	the public	•	identify the risk and measures to be taken. Some pregnant workers will be at greater risk of severe		England.	VVD	required	
and workers		•	illness from coronavirus and they should stay at home	Υ			roquirou	
in higher-risk			as much as possible and work from home if they can.		Keep under	WD	When	
groups		•	Where adjustments to the job or working from home is	Y	review completed		required	
			not possible pregnant workers will be suspended from work on paid leave.	· '	individual risk			
			work on paid leave.		assessments for			
					pregnant workers.			

Airborne spread of COVID	Employees Pupils Young People Families Contractors Visitors Members of the public	 Although from Step 4, face coverings will no longer be advised for pupils, staff and visitors, persons choosing to wear face coverings as a precaution will not be deterred when outside the classroom.(Staff will be encouraged to wear masks in communal areas) Where staff are in enclosed and crowded spaces, face masks are recommended (but not required). Face coverings recommended on school transport. 	Y				
Returning to work after summer	Employees Pupils Young People	Buildings and health and safety compliance checks continue to be undertaken (e.g. fire alarm, emergency lighting, water hygiene, lifts, etc.).	Y				
closure	Families Contractors Visitors Members of	 Decide the tasks that need to be carried out as a priority. This will allow you to plan the order in which workers will return to your workplace and in what number. 	Y				
	the public	Information and instruction for returning workers to ensure clarity on arrangements for cleaning and hygiene and ventilation. (COVID)	Y				
		 Vaccination is a control measure against COVID so staff can be asked to confirm that they are vaccinated. This information will assist in the risk assessment for outbreak management plans. (Questionnaire circulated 	Y	Encourage vaccination take up amongst	WD	INSET	1.9.21
		 1.9.21) Communicate updates with supply staff and other temporary or peripatetic staff and volunteers to follow the school's arrangements for managing and minimising risk. 	Y	eligible staff			
		 Staff to undertake twice weekly home tests whenever they are on site until at least the end of September. Review/update policies to reflect changes brought about by updated COVID-19 requirements. 	Y				
		Ensure website is compliant with regards to the publishing of policies and risk assessment.					

Completed by:	Wendy D'Arcy	Date	30.8.21

Reviewed by	Date	Next Review Due
Wendy D'Arcy	30.8.21	18.10.21 (or as
		required in line with
		updated guidance)